Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the Substance/Preparation and of the Company

Product Name NEOVAC MR-200

Product Code 00013

Manufacturer MORESCO Corporation

Address 5-5-3, Minatojima-minamimachi, Chuo-ku, Kobe-city, Hyogo, Japan

Telephone Number 81-78-303-9010 FAX: 81-78-303-9020

Emergency Telephone Number Functional Fluids Sales Department Sales Section

Tel: 81-6-6262-3310 FAX: 81-6-6262-3327

Functional Fluids Sales Department Tokyo Sales Section

Tel: 81-3-3273-7526 FAX: 81-3-3281-7756

Lubricating Oils Manufacturing Department Technology Section

Tel: 81-791-42-2100 FAX: 81-791-43-3179

Customer Center

Tel: 81-6-6262-3385 FAX: 81-6-6262-3327

Email Address: customercenter@moresco.co.jp

Recommended Use and VACUUM PUMP OIL

Restrictions on Use

2. Hazard Identification

GHS Classification:

Physical Hazards:

Explosives Classification Not Possible

Flammable Gases

Flammable Aerosols

Oxidizing Gases

Not Applicable

Oxidizing Gases

Not Applicable

Gases Under Pressure

Not Applicable

Flammable Liquids

Not Classified

Flammable Solids

Not Applicable

Self-Reactive Substances and Mixtures Classification Not Possible

Pyrophoric Liquids Not Classified
Pyrophoric Solids Not Applicable

Self-Heating Substances and Mixtures

Classification Not Possible

Substances and Mixtures Which,

Classification Not Possible

in contact with water, Emit Flammable Gases

Oxidizing Liquids Classification Not Possible

Oxidizing Solids Not Applicable

Organic Peroxides Classification Not Possible
Corrosive to Metals Classification Not Possible

Health Hazards:

Acute Toxicity - Oral Not Classified

Acute Toxicity - Dermal Not Classified

Acute Toxicity -Inhalation: Gas Not Applicable

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation: Vapor Classification Not Possible

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation: Dust, Mist

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Category 3

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 2B

Respiratory Sensitization Classification Not Possible

Skin Sensitization Not Classified
Germ Cell Mutagenicity Category 2
Carcinogenicity Not Classified

Toxic to Reproduction Classification Not Possible

STOT/Systemic Toxicity - Single Exposure Category 2
STOT/Systemic Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Category 1
Aspiration Hazard Category 1

Environmental Hazards: Hazardous to Aquatic Environment

Hazardous to The Aquatic Environment-Acute Hazard Classification Not Possible
Hazardous to The Aquatic Environment-Chronic Hazard Classification Not Possible

Label Elements:

Pictograms/Symbols





Signal Ward Danger

Hazard Statements Harmful if inhaled

Causes mild skin irritation

Causes eye irritation

Suspected of causing genetic defects

May cause damage to lungs

Causes damage to lungs and skin through prolonged or repeated exposure

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Precautionary Statements [Prevention]

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Wear eye protection/face protection.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

[Response].

If Swallowed: Immediately call a Poison Center or doctor/physician. Do not

induce vomiting.

If Inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing.

If in Eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

[Storage]

Store locked up.

[Disposal]

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with regulations.

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3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Distinction between Substance and Mixture: Substance

Chemical Name/Generic Name: Petro-hydrocarbons

Chemical Formula Not identified

Ingredient and Concentration Lubricating base oil 100%

4. First-Aid Measures

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and let him rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Wrapping a blanket and the like around him to keep warm for a rest, call a

doctor/physician immediately.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water.

Eye Contact: Immediately rinse eyes with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Remove

contact lenses if present. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention, if eye

irritation persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Immediately call a doctor. If affected, the mouth

should be rinsed out thoroughly with water.

Expected Acute and If swallowed, may suffer from diarrhea and vomiting.

Delayed Symptoms, and May cause inflammation if in eyes.

Most Important Symptoms/

May cause inflammation if on skin.

Effects:

May feel unwell if mist is inhaled.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Foggy reinforcing agent, foam, powder, or carbon dioxide

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Specific Hazards Remove containers from a fire area if safe to do so.

Jet water

If containers cannot be removed, cool them by pouring water in a

manner that they may not be damaged.

Keep cooling containers thoroughly with plenty of water after

extinguishing fire.

Specific Fire-Fighting Measures Shut off the fire source.

Use powder or carbon dioxide extinguishers at the beginning of fire.

It is effective to intercept the air from a big fire with foam

extinguishers. Use of water may cause spreading of fire.

Cool the surrounding facilities with water spray.

Evacuate non essential personnel around the fire.

Special Protective Actions for

Fire-Fighting

Wearing protective glasses, protective clothing, and if necessary,

respiratory protective equipment, start to fight fire on the windward

side.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective

Immediately isolate the spill area wide enough in all directions.

Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Evacuate non essential personnel.

If skin or eye contact is possible, wear protective equipment. If mist

is produced, wear respiratory protective equipment to avoid

inhalation.

Stay on the windward side.

Leave away from the low ground.

Ventilate confined rooms before entering.

Environmental Precautions Take up as much as possible to avoid soil contamination and water

pollution.

Avoid release to the environment.

Collection/Neutralization In the case of a large amount: Dike ahead of liquid spill area to

minimize migration and then sweep into an empty container for disposal in a safe place. After disposal, wash away with plenty of water. In doing so, take care to prevent the high concentration of

wastes from entering public watercourses such as rivers.

Be sure to wear protective equipment.

In the case of a small amount: Take up into an empty container by absorbing the spill with earth and sand or rags, and furthermore sop up with rags thoroughly.

Methods and Materials for Containment

If spilled, minimize migration and take up by scooping or absorbing

with appropriate absorbent.

Ground all the equipment used to handle spill.

Prevention of Secondary Hazards

Remove all the ignition sources immediately. (Do not smoke nearby

and keep away from sparks and flames.)

Prevent spilling fluid from flowing in the drains, basement or the

close place.

Remove the surrounding ignition sources
Report to the related organs for help.
Do not let water go in the container.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Technical Measures

Before repairing machinery with remnant oils on, remove them thoroughly in a safe place. Take precautionary measures against static discharge and wear electro conductive clothing and shoes.

As vapors released from petroleum products are heavier than air, they are liable to stagnate.

Due to it, attention should be paid to ventilation and fire.

Handle at room temperatures, paying attention to moisture and to impurities not to mix with.

If skin or eye contact is possible, wear protective equipment. If mist is produced, wear respiratory protective equipment to avoid inhalation.

Use a pump and the like to take out of container.

Do not suck through a tube.

Do not weld, heat, hole, and cut off the container. Residues may ignite involving explosion.

Local Exhaust Ventilation/ Full Ventilation System

Avoiding Contact

Refer to '8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection'.

Refer to '10. Stability and Reactivity'.

Precautions for Safe Handling.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Be cautious not to use any naked fire.

Provide exhaust ventilation to keep the concentration of vapors below

the exposure limit.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Use in a well-ventilated area.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Do not press an empty container. It may explode under pressure.

Do not drink.

Keep out of reach of children.

Storage:

Technical Measures Keep container in fire prevention storage area.

Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Avoid heat, sparks, flames, and static electricity.

Keep container tightly closed.

Store avoiding exposure to direct sunlight.

Incompatible Materials Refer to '10. Stability and Reactivity'.

Conditions for Safe Storage Store in a well-ventilated area.

Store avoiding exposure to direct sunlight.

Store away from oxidizer.

Store locked up.

Materials for Containers/Packaging When replacing the container, use metal or glass container. Some

kinds of resin-treated container may melt.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Permissible Concentration (Exposure Limit, a biological exposure index)

Japan Society for Occupational Health (2008): 3mg/m³ (mineral oil mist) 1)

ACGIH (2008): TWA 5mg/ m³ (mineral oil mist) ²⁾

Standards for Allowable Density of Hazardous Substances in Labor Operation Air: Not established

Engineering Controls: When mist and vapors are produced, seal off sources or provide exhaust

ventilation. Facilities for rinsing eyes and washing a body are required near the

workplace.

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection: Wear appropriate respiratory protection.

Hand Protection: If necessary, wear oil-resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: If diffusion is possible, wear eye protection.

Skin and Body Protection: If necessary, wear protective clothing and face protection.

Hygienic Precautions: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Regularly inspect protective equipment according to the inspection table of

protective equipment.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State:

Appearance Liquid

Color Light Yellow
Odor Slight oily odor
pH Not applicable
Melting/Freezing Point Not applicable

Boiling Point 230°C/13Pa(0.1mmH)

Flash Point $\geq 250 \,^{\circ}\text{C}(\text{COC})$

Explosive Range (Explosive Limits) Upper limit: 7% Lower limit: 1% (estimated value)

Vapor Pressure

No data available

Vapor Density (air=1)

No data available

Specific Gravity (Density)

Solubility

Insoluble in water

Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition Temperature

No data available

No data available

Pour point <-10°C

Volatility None (at room temperatures)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability Stable

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions Reacts with strong oxidizer.

Conditions to Avoid No data available (Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal

use)

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizer

Hazardous Decomposition Products None

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity:

Oral $LD_{50} > 5000 \text{mg/kg}$

Acute Toxicity:Oral is classified in Not Classified.

Dermal $LD_{50} > 5000 mg/kg$

Acute Toxicity: Dermal is classified in Not Classified.

Inhalation $LD_{50} = 2.18 \text{mg/L}$

Acute Toxicity:Inhalation is classified in Category 4 (Harmful if

inhaled).

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Causes mild skin irritation (Rat)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation is classified in Category 3 (Causes mild skin

irritation).

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Causes mild eye irritation (Rat)

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation is classified into Category 2B

(Causes eye irritation)

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Respiratory Sensitization. : No information available

Respiratory Sensitization is classified in Classification Not Possible.

Skin Sensitization is classified in Not Classified.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity Based on the increase in the abnormal cells in the cytogenetic study

> [chromosomal aberration test] (somatic cell in vivo mutagenicity test) using the rat (IUCLID (2000)), and based on the fact that increase was observed in frequency of the chromosomal aberration in the peripheral blood lymphocyte of the human who received occupational exposure (IARC suppl.7 (1987)), and on the fact that there being no information about the productive cell in vivo genotoxicity study.

causing genetic defects).

Carcinogenicity Highly refined oil is into group 3 (IARC (1987)), and the proposal of

ACGIH (2006) can also be said to be the almost same category.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity is classified in Category 2 (Suspected of

Carcinogenicity is classified in Not Classified.

No information available.

Reproductive Toxicity is classified in Classification Not Possible.

There is the statement that there is the grossly, histopathological acute

changes (details unknown) in dependance to dose (1.51~5.05mg/L)

in the rat test of inhalation exposure (IUCLID (2000)).

Specific Target Organ Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

is classified in Category 2 (May cause damage to lungs).

Pulmonary fibrosis, lipid pneumonias and lipogranuloma of lungs are

reported in humans who received exposure of the mineral oils or

the mist over many years (ACGIH (2001) and IARC 33 (1984),

EHC 20 (1982)), and generation of the serious folliculitis is reported in the epidemiological study by occupational exposure to cutting oil

(IARC 33 (1984)).

Specific Target Organ Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity (Repeated

Exposure) is classified in Category 1(Causes damage to lungs and

skin through prolonged or repeated exposure).

Reproductive Toxicity

STOT/Systemic Toxicity -

Single Exposure

STOT/Systemic Toxicity -Repeated Exposure

Aspiration Hazard Ingestion of mineral oil causes the aspiration into the lungs, and as a

result it occures the pneumonie huileuses or chemical pneumonia in the human (EHC 20 (1982), IARC 33 (1984), ICSC (2001), ACGIH

(2001)).

Aspiration Hazard is classified Category 1 (May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways.)

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity No information available.

Ecotoxicity is classified in Classification Not Possible.

Persistence and Degradability

Bioaccumulative Potential

Mobility in Soil

Other Adverse Effects

No information available

No information available

Environmental Criteria No information available

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Residues Dispose the waste according to national and local regulations.

Do not dump.

Contaminated Containers

national and local regulations.

and Packaging

14. Transport Information

International Regulation Not applicable
UN Classification Not applicable

Special Precautions: Load the containers in a manner that they are certain not to result in direct

sunlight exposure, damage, corrosion, leak, while being transported.

Load the containers in manner that they are not to fall apart while being

Contaminated or empty container/packaging are to be disposed according to

transport.

Do not place heavy load on top of the container.

15. Regulatory Information

No Information

16. Other Information

References: 1) Recommendation of Occupational Exposure Limits by Japan Society for Occupational Health

- 2) Thresholds limit values for chemical substances and physical agents and biological exposure indices by ACGIH
- 3) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation

- 1. As evaluations on hazards are not necessary satisfactory, special attention should be paid for use.
- 2. This MSDS, summarizing matters to be attended to, is required for proper use of the product and is intended for normal use.
- 3. Referring to this MSDS, properly use and handle this product on the user's own responsibility.
- 4. The contents of this MSDS are based on information available as of today and our knowledge. The information, data, and evaluations herein are not guaranteed, and in addition, may be revised due to revision of laws or knowledge newly obtained.